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Cover Photo: Long-term surveys (2010–2012, 2015–2018) of discarded wings in a cave in Taitung, Taiwan, revealed 1,283 wings representing at least 68 species from 12 families. Butterflies dominated over moths, with *Badamia exclamationis* accounting for 47.5% of all wings. In the standardized 2015–2018 dataset, the butterfly-to-moth ratio was approximately 4.9:1. Prey remains occurred mainly from November to May, peaking in February–March. The dominance of diurnal butterflies suggests possible gleaning behavior.

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Taiwania – *International Journal of Biodiversity*

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The journal **Taiwania** publishes scientific papers on aspects of biodiversity, including taxonomy, phylogeny, morphology, genetics, ecology and evolutionary biology, at all levels of organization from molecular, organismal, community to ecosystem. The journal publishes original research articles, scientific notes, and invited or submitted reviews.

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